For best printing, use Avery 5162 Easy Peel Address Labels

T FCCERS-R (page 23) Item #8 Nap, 1.1, 3.2- Cribs manufactured on or after June 28, 2011 comply with CPSC standards 16 C.F.R. part 1219 or 16 C.F.R. part 1220 and no certificate is required. Look for the manufacture date on the crib to score these indicators.

T FCCERS-R (page 30) Item #12 Safety practices, 1.1, 1.2, 3.1, 5.1- When noting hazards, do not try to imagine every possible accident that could occur. Instead consider the **seriousness** of the hazard and the **likelihood**. A major hazard is one where the risk of serious injury is very high. A minor hazard is one where the consequences would not be as great or the accident would be less likely. (Ex. a bottle of full-strength bleach left within reach on a table (major hazard), compared to a bottle that is stored up high, out of reach, but not locked (minor hazard).

T FCCERS-R (page 30) Item #12 Safety practices, 1.1, 3.1, 5.1- Consider bollards in safety practices as an indoor safety hazard based on classroom location (for example, a program in a strip mall, that is close to parking or streets with a classroom facing the parking or street). A barrier needs to be in place to prevent a vehicle from accidentally entering the indoor play space.

(7) FCCERS-R (page 30) Item #12 Safety practices, 1.1, 3.1, 5.1 (continued)- A barrier such as structural bollards, trees, or posts should be place along any areas where a classroom is located with 30 feet of streets or parking. Barriers need to be placed with a maximum of 42 in. apart from each other.

T FCCERS-R (page 54) Item #26 Active physical play, 5.4- Taken from ASTM F2049: A barrier needs to be in place to prevent a vehicle from accidentally entering the play space. This can be done one of 3 ways: 1.) Discrete barrier such as structural bollards, trees, or posts, should be placed along any side of the playground which is within 30 feet of streets or parking. Discrete barriers need to be placed with a maximum of 42 in. apart from each other. The distance from the fence to the barrier is a minimum of 2 feet.

T FCCERS-R (page 54) Item #26 Active physical play, 5.4 (continued)-2.) Continuous Barrier such as guardrails, concrete or brick reinforced wall should be placed along any side of the playground which is within 30 feet of streets or parking. The distance from the fence to the barriers is a minimum of 2 feet and a height of at least 48 in. 3.) Compliant impact tested fence: Need proof of compliance.

FCCERS-R (page 54) Item #26 Active physical play, 1.2, 3.2, 5.4- When noting hazards, do not try to imagine every possible accident that could occur. Instead consider the seriousness of the hazard and the likelihood. A major hazard is one where the risk of serious injury is very high. A minor hazard is one where the consequences would not be as great or the accident would be less likely. (Ex. a bottle of full-strength bleach left within reach on a table (major hazard), compared to a bottle that is stored up high, out of reach, but not locked (minor hazard).